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Venice, May 2. N. S.

Signior Grimani being choſen by the Senate to ſucceed Signior Delfino in the Office of Proveditor-General of the Sea, is preparing for his Departure from hence.

Letters from Verona give an Account, That Prince Eugene was arrived at Roveredo, and hath given Orders for the laying of a Bridge of Boats over the Adige below Verona. The Siege of Mirandola goes on but ſlowly, as well by reaſon of the vigorous Reſiſtance of the Gariſon, as of the great Rains we have lately had, which have cauſed the neighbouring Rivers to overflow their Banks, and filled the Beſiegers Trenches with Water.

Vienna, May 6. His Imperial Majeſty died here yeſterday about Four in the Afternoon, (to the great Grief of this whole Court, and of all his Subjects in general) after 21 days Illneſs of a Dropſy and other complicated Diſeaſes, after having received the Extream Unction, taken Leave of the Empreſs, and given his Bleſſing to the King and Queen of the Romans, and the Archdutcheſſes his Daughters, who were there preſent. He had almoſt compleated the 65th Year of his Age, had Reigned King of Hungary 50 Years, King of Bohemia 49, and Emperor 47. The Succeſſion to the Empire of Joſeph his eldeſt Son having been ſettled 15 Years ago, by his being Crowned at Augsbourg King of the Romans, he has accordingly aſſumed the Imperial Dignity, the Conſtitution of the Empire not requiring any new Solemnity for the confirming of his Title. The preſent Emperor was born the 26th of July, 1678. was Crowned King of Hungary the 9th of December, 1687. and Elected King of the Romans the 24th of June, 1690. He has been Married Six Years to the Princeſs Amelia Wilhelmina, of the Houſe of Brunſwick Lunenbourg, by whom he has living two Daughters, *viz.* Maria Joſepha, and Maria Amelia, the firſt five, and the other two Years old. The late Emperor's Body was opened this Afternoon, will be expoſed during 3 days in his Anti-Chamber on a Bed of State, and on the 9th will be interred with little Ceremony in a Vault prepared for the Auſtrian Family in the Church of the Capucin Fryers in this City. Letters from Hungary give an Account, That the Malecontents continue to fortify Pax, near which Place moſt of their Forces are poſted. A great Body of them lately attacked 400 Imperial Horſe near Fedwar; but our Men repulſed them, and got to that Gariſon with inconſiderable Loſs. They write from Arath, That a Body of Imperialiſts have lately taken a Fort from the Malecontents, in which Action 200 of the latter were killed, and 50 of them taken Priſoners, with 4 Standards and 3 Pieces of Cannon.

Landau, May 12. The Number of the Imperial Forces at Lauterbourg encreaſes daily; and as ſoon as the whole Army is got together, Prince Lewis will come from Raſtat to put himſelf at the head of them. They have begun to caſt up a new Line near Lauterbourg, and are to do the ſame at Weiſſembourg, where General Thungen has been to view the Ground for that purpoſe.

Maſtricht, May 13. On Monday the Dutch Troops, which compoſe the Army on the Maeſe, marched to their Camp at Harcourt, where they will be reviewed to morrow Morning by his Grace the Duke of Marlborough and Monſieur d'Auverquerque. The Engliſh Troops are now encamped near Viſet. His Grace intends to review theſe Troops to morrow in the Afternoon, and the next day they are to paſs the Maeſe, and to continue their March towards the Moſelle, under the Command of General Churchill. His Grace will leave this Place at the ſame time, and proceed directly to Coblentz, to give the neceſſary Orders for the March of the Artillery to Treves. Brigadier Cadogan, whom his Grace ſent from the Hague to confer with Prince Lewis of Baden about the opening of the Campaign, returned hither laſt night, and has concerted an Interview between his Grace and the Prince at Creutznach the 20th Inſtant; after which his Grace will haſten to Treves, where he hopes to arrive by the 22d or 23d, the French Troops beginning to be in motion again in thoſe Parts.

Paris, May 16. Letters from Madrid of the 29th paſt confirm the raiſing of the Siege of Gibraltar, and add, That the Marſhal de Teſſe, having left the Marquis de Villadarias with a ſmall Detachment near that Place, in order to prevent any Excurſions which the Gariſon might make, went the 16th towards Eſtramadura, to head the French and Spaniſh Army which is drawing together on that Frontier. Our Letters from Italy ſay, That Prince Eugene being arrived in the Veroneſe with part of the Succours from Germany, had cauſed a Bridge to be made over the Adige, and had ſent 4000 of his Horſe, with ſome Foot, on the other ſide of that River, to cover the Bridge, who had caſt up ſome Intrenchments for the purpoſe. The Duke de Vendoſme had given Orders for fortifying the Fords of the Oglio, and intends to take the like Care for guarding the Mincio from Goito to the Lake di Guarda; and he was expecting a conſiderable Reinforcement of Horſe and Foot from Piedmont, to enable him to make head againſt Prince Eugene.

Hague, May 19. N. S. Our laſt Advices from the Maeſe are, That the Forces commanded by Monſieur d'Auverquerque were all encamped except ſome few Battalions, which were hourly expected. The Enemy have not yet drawn their Army together; but their Troops are poſted within their Lines, their head Quarter being at Tirlemont, where the Marſhal de Villeroy is already arrived: The Elector of Bavaria is not yet come thither, by reaſon, as is ſaid, of a very great Miſunderſtanding between him and that Marſhal. The Engliſh Troops marched from their Camp near Viſet the 15th Inſtant towards Triers, where they will arrive the 28th; and the reſt of the Forces that are to compoſe the Army to be commanded by the Duke of Marlborough will be there by the firſt of June. A very great Train of Artillery, with a vaſt quantity of Ammunition, are ſent thither from Coblentz; and it is generally believed, that the Campaign on that ſide will be opened with the Siege of Saar-Louis, or ſome other of the Enemy's Frontier Towns. His Grace the Duke of Marlborough went from Maſtricht the 15th towards Coblentz. Monſieur Slangenbourg ſet out from hence the 17th Inſtant for Triers. Orders were ſent yeſterday to Admiral Allemonde, who lay off of the Goree with the Squadron of Men of War from the Texel, to ſail forthwith to St. Helens, in order to join the Engliſh Fleet; and the Squadron from the Maeſe will follow as ſoon as the Wind permits it to go out of the River. An Expreſs which came away from Turin the 28th paſt gives an Account, That the Gariſon of Mirandola did then continue to defend it ſelf with great Bravery and Reſolution, and had made ſeveral Sallies upon the Enemy with very good Succeſs. On the 14th Inſtant we received an Account from Duſſeldorp, that an Expreſs was come thither with Advice, That the Emperor died at Vienna the 5th Inſtant; and that the Elector Palatine had, upon this Notice, reſolved to go forthwith to Vienna, to endeavour a ſecond time to reconcile Matters between that Court and the Malecontents in Hungary. The 16th a Courier arrived here from Vienna, in his way to Portugal, being ſent to the King of Spain, with the melancholly News of the Emperor his Father's Death. The Count de Goeſſen, the Imperial Envoy, received by this Expreſs Letters of Credence from the new Emperor, together with another Letter from his Imperial Majeſty to the States General, to acquaint them with the Emperor his Father's Death, and his own Acceſſion to the Imperial Throne. Our Advices from France ſay, That the Dauphin had had a Fit of Appoplexy, but was in a way of Recovery.

Falmouth, May 7. Yeſterday came into this Port a Privateer of Fluſhing, of 12 Guns, who brought in with her the Jeſus of Nazareth of Hambourg, homeward-bound with Fruit, Tobacco, and other Goods, from Lisbon: This Ship had been taken the firſt Inſtant by the Nymph, a French Frigat of 26 Guns, and was retaken the 5th. We have juſt now an Account from the Lizard, That one of Her Majeſty's Ships took a ſtout French Privateer near that Place yeſterday.

Briſtol,